



The Use of Boron Rods as a Boron Source for Dual Treated Timber.

Mark E. Mankowski¹,Grant Kirker² Stan Lebow², Jim Renfroe³ and Jeffery Morrell⁴

USDA-FS Forest Products Laboratory ¹Starkville, Mississippi ²Madison, Wisconsin, ³WoodCare Systems, ⁴University of the Sunshine Coast

Introduction

- Creosote-borate dual treatment commonly used to extend timber life.
- AWPA commodity specification C: Borate pretreatment = $.17 \text{ pcf } B_2 O_3$
- Borate pressure or dip treatment before creosote.
- Some facilities cannot afford to install equipment for borate treatment.
- Boron diffuses readily at high moisture content (30% or greater).
- Examine pretreatment using borate rods in green timber.

Methods



- Nine 3"x3/4" rods placed in 5" deep bore holes in 10"x10"x10' green timber before creosote.
- 13" apart.

Forest Products

Laboratory Research Working For You

- Number of rods based on volume of timber and amount of boron needed to achieve 0.17 pcf $B_2O_{3.}$
- Bore hole plugged and timber treated with creosote.
- Timbers shipped and place in HEF (Saucier, MS).

Methods





- Checked rod holes at 4 and 6 weeks.
- Rod dissolved; some holes filled with water, rod not present (probed with wire).
- Sampled for moisture content did not get an initial MC at boring and rod installation.

Methods: Sampling



- 3 red oak, 3 white oak
- Sampled at 15 and 30 wks
- Future sampling at 60 wks
- Increment borer
- Whole sections at 60 wks



Methods: Sampling Pattern

• Longitudinal

Forest Products

Laboratory

- 2, 4, 6" positions: 1,2; 5,6; 9,10.
- Tangential
 - 1.5, 3" positions: 3,4; 7,8.
- All distances from edge of rod hole.
- Sampled from outside to inside in order shown.
- Moisture content.
- Curcumin/Salicylic acid indicator.
- Boron Analysis = Azomethianine
 - Inner
 - Outer



Methods: Sampling





- Increment borer.
- 6" core sample.
- Stored in straw on ice.
- Dry at 60^o C.



Results: Moisture Content

6 Weeks; n = 10 80.00 70.00 70.97 60.00 62.75 Moisture Content (%) 50.00 40.00 30.00 20.00 10.00 0.00 **Red Oak** White Oak



30 Weeks; n = 30



Forest Products Laboratory Research Working For You Research Working For You

Red Oak 15 Weeks



- Left = outer
- Right = inner
- 1,2 = 6" longitudinal
- 3,4 = 3" tangential
- 5,6 = 4" longitudinal
- 7,8 = 1.5" tangential
- 9,10 = 2" longitudinal





Forest Prod Labe Research Boron Indicator; White Oak

White Oak 15 Weeks



- Left = outer
- Right = inner
- 1,2 = 6" longitudinal
- 3,4 = 3" tangential
- 5,6 = 4" longitudinal
- 7,8 = 1.5" tangential
- 9,10 = 2" longitudinal



White Oak 30 Weeks





Results: Boron Analysis

The green line = $0.17 \text{ pcf } B_2 O_3$

Red Oak





Results: Boron Analysis

The green line = $0.17 \text{ pcf } B_2 O_3$

White Oak



Preliminary Conclusions

- Moisture content high and remains high = continued boron diffusion.
- Rod dissolved rapidly 4 weeks, possibly faster.

Forest

- Boron diffusing readily in longitudinal direction.
- Boron not diffusing rapidly in tangential direction, but it is moving.
- Some boron levels are at or close to AWPA 0.17 pcf, but not in the outer and tangential locations away from where rod was placed.
- It's one small sample point in a large timber.
- Next sampling at past 1 year point; Cores and destructive sampling of entire timber.



Acknowledgements

Forest Products Laboratory

Research Working For You

Craig Bell - FPL
Shawn Cooper - FPL
Matt Konkler - OSU

Questions?

